

Advancing the Human Rights and Inclusion of LGBTI People: A Handbook for Parliamentarians

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The Situation of LGBTI People

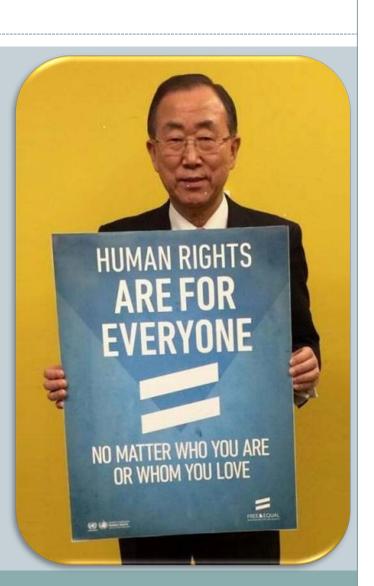
- Ongoing stigma, discrimination, and violence around the world
 - o Homophobia and transphobia
 - o Punitive laws
 - **o** Ineffective legal protection



 Parliamentarians have a critical role to play in advancing the rights of LGBTI people

International Human Rights Framework

- Legal obligations of States (or "Legally binding on States")
- Yogyakarta Principles
 - Apply IHR standards to LGBTI-relevant issues
 - Identify States' duties and obligations to LGBTI people



Int'l Human Rights Framework (cont'd): **Regional Mechanisms**

Africa

African Commission on Human and Peoples' Rights

©<u>Resolution 275</u> Explicitly recognizes the human rights of LGBT persons and calls for their protection



Americas

- Organization of American States
 ØSix resolutions
- Inter-American Commission on Human Rights
 - Description Plan to address
 discrimination and
 violence against LGBTI
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 - ©<u>Rapporteurship</u> on the rights of LGBTI people

Europe

• Council of Europe ©<u>Recommendation</u> <u>CM/Rec (2010)5</u>

Calls upon Member States to take positive steps to protect the rights of the LGBTI community

- European Union
 - **D**<u>Prohibits</u> <u>discrimination</u> on the basis of sexual orientation

©<u>Fundamental Rights</u>

Agency monitors rights of LGBTI people

Pictured:

Representatives from the African Commission, IACHR and UN, participating in a joint thematic dialogue on sexual orientation and gender identity

Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Agenda 2030
 → leaving no one behind
 → Role of parliaments





• UNDP led LGBTI Inclusion Index

- Bridging data gaps
- o 5 priority dimensions
- Existing and new data

How To Be Prepared to Act: Practical Tools for MPs

learn how to speak about LGBTI issues, address myths & offer realities about LGBTI people

rapid assessment of your laws & policies relevant to rights of LGBTI people Sample questions to pose in parliament, to ministers and other decisionmakers

How MPs Can Get Engaged cha del orquilo As In **oversight** role As legislators representatives

Advancing Rights as an MP: Legal Reform

Constitutional protections: <u>Nepal</u>

- New constitution includes protective provisions for sexual and gender minorities:
 - Explicit protection from discrimination
- Full recognition as people before the law
 - Freedom to choose gender identity on citizenship document

Repealing and blocking discriminatory laws: <u>Mozambique</u>

- Colonial-era laws criminalized homosexuality
- New Penal Code passed in 2015 decriminalized homosexuality
 - Successfully **challenged cultural notions** about homosexuality being "un-African"



Prioritizing Protections for Intersex People

- Advancing the rights of intersex people requires additional attention and support:
 - only two countries currently provide legislation aimed at protecting their rights:

• <u>Malta</u>

- Gender Identity, Gender Expression and Sex Characteristics Act:
 - prohibits "normalizing" genital surgeries
 - introduces a fast gender recognition procedure based on self-determination,
 - allows postponement of gender markers on birth
 - × various other provisions in the area of health and non-discrimination

• <u>Chile</u>

• Circular Order N18: "On certain aspects of health care of intersex children"

- Stops "unnecessary treatments for 'normalization' of intersex children ... until they are old enough to decide on their bodies."
- Proposal for protection against discrimination based on "sex characteristics"

<u>Australia</u>

• Senate held an inquiry into and issued a joint cross party report on involuntary or coerced sterilisation of intersex people and persons with disabilities

Prioritizing Protections for Transgender People

- Advancing the rights of transgender people also requires additional attention and support
- Few countries legally recognize the gender identity of transgender people.

Viet Nam

 UNDP facilitated discussions between National Assembly members and LGBTI community representatives on the human impact of legislation which denied rights to transgender people



Successful outcome:

The Civil Code now protects the right of people who have undergone sex-reassignment surgery to have their gender recognized

Advancing Rights as an MP: Sectoral Approach

Policy consultations with the transgender community: <u>Maharashtra State, India</u>

- 2013 **public consultation** brought together thousands of transgender people, the Chief Minister and other government representatives
- Transgender people and sex workers were also included in the **deliberations** and **review** for a proposed Women's Policy.
- Successful outcomes:
 - Welfare Board for the transgender community
 - Cultural institute (in process) dedicated to transgender community
 - Maharashtra Woman's Policy has been finalized and approved by the state cabinet

Civic engagement and political party manifestos: Scotland

- Time for Inclusive Education (TIE) Campaign sought **curriculum change**, to make LGBTI education a statutory right in Scottish schools
- Parliament **rejected** the proposal. With public support, TIE turned to **political parties**
- Leading parties' manifestos now include TIE's LGBTI teacher training proposal



A critical mass of MPs taking concrete steps would drive legal, policy & social norm change

- Use the media
- Develop context specific strategies
- Sustain efforts over time
- Work with & learn from LGBTI organization
- Support broad based civil society coalitions
- Share experiences, lessons learned with other MPs
- Become a champion of rights & inclusion of LGBTU
- Inspire other MPs
- PANCAP, UNDP, PGA & others can help