

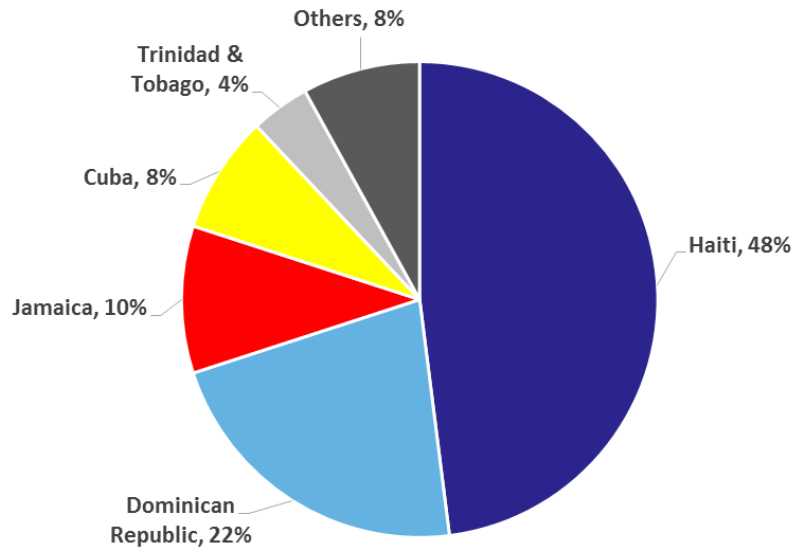
## Overview - HIV and AIDS in the Caribbean

At the end of 2016, the prevalence of HIV in the Caribbean was 1.3% or 310,000 persons living with HIV and AIDS. Most of the cases (92%) occurred in five Caribbean countries, with Haiti accounting for almost half of the cases (48%), followed by the Dominican Republic (22%).

The HIV incidence was reported as 0.82 per 1,000 population or 17,000 new cases in 2016.

By 2016, the number of AIDS-related deaths had decreased to 9400 deaths compared with 13,000 deaths in 2012.

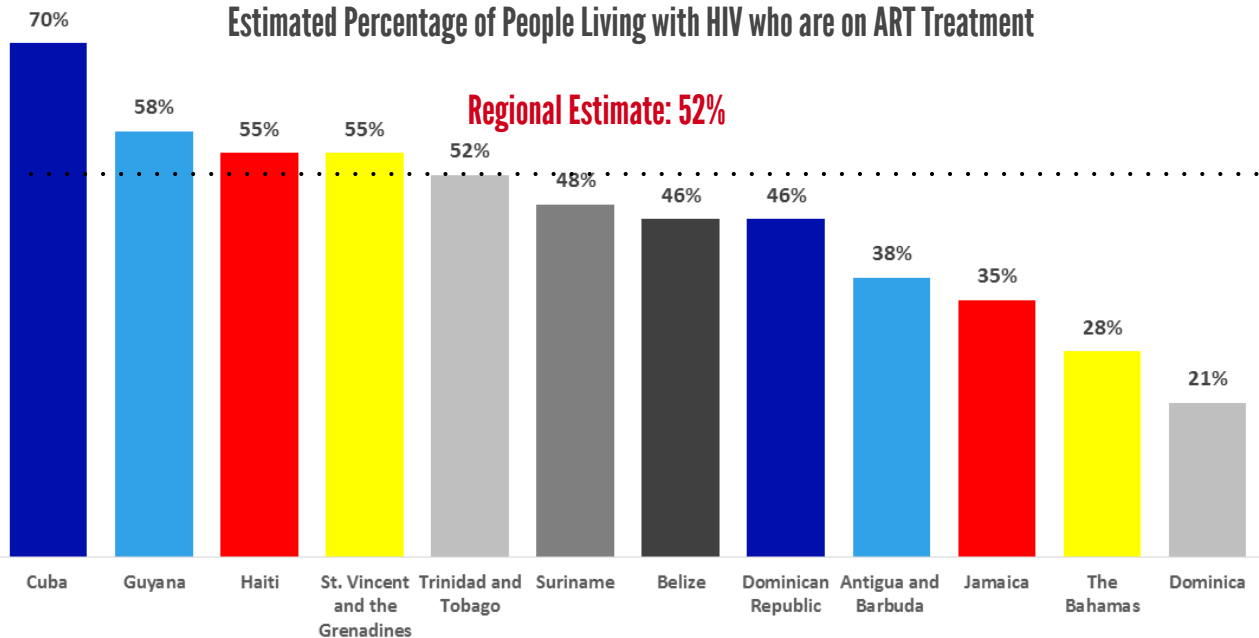
Proportion of HIV Cases by Countries



## Achieving the Second 90 - Antiretroviral Treatment (ART) Coverage

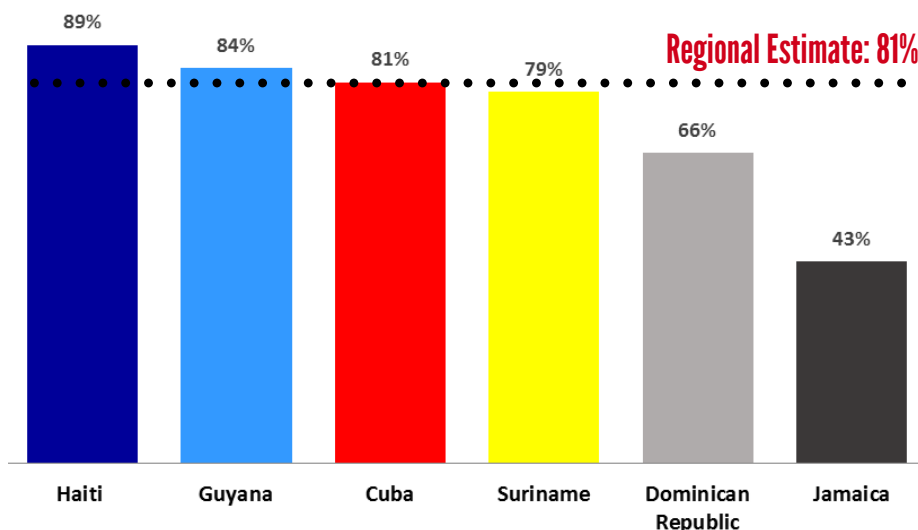
In 2016, 162,000 persons were on antiretroviral treatment. In relation to global target of 90% of all persons living with HIV receiving ART, the region has achieved 52%. Estimated coverage of treatment among all persons living with HIV varied across the region with the highest reported in Cuba (70%). Slightly lower coverage than Haiti, but above the regional average, is reported for Guyana, St. Vincent and the Grenadines and Trinidad and Tobago.

Estimated Percentage of People Living with HIV who are on ART Treatment



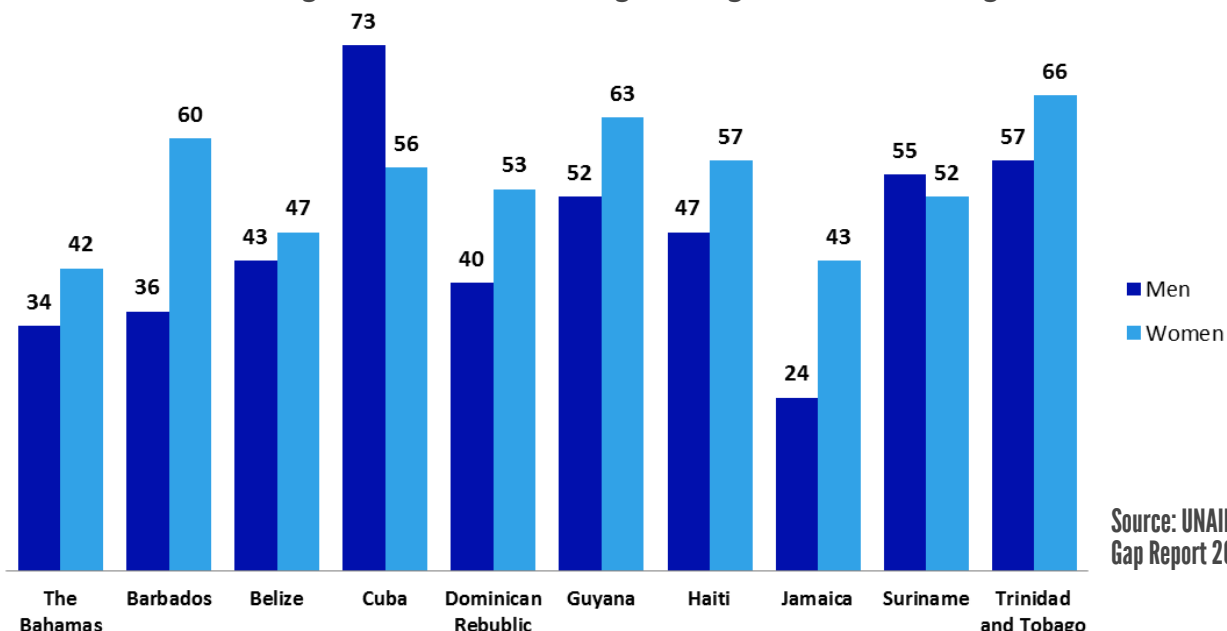
### Percentage of All People Living with HIV who know their Status and are on Treatment

In relation to actual ART coverage, 81% of all persons who know their HIV status are receiving ART in the region. High ART coverage among these persons, of more than 89% is reported Haiti. Similarly, high coverage is reported for Cuba, Guyana, and Suriname.



ART Treatment coverage was significantly higher among all women living with HIV when compared to men. Cuba and Suriname however reported more men receiving treatment among all men living with HIV compared to women.

### Estimated Percentage of Women and Men Over Age 15 Living with HIV and Receiving ART, 2015

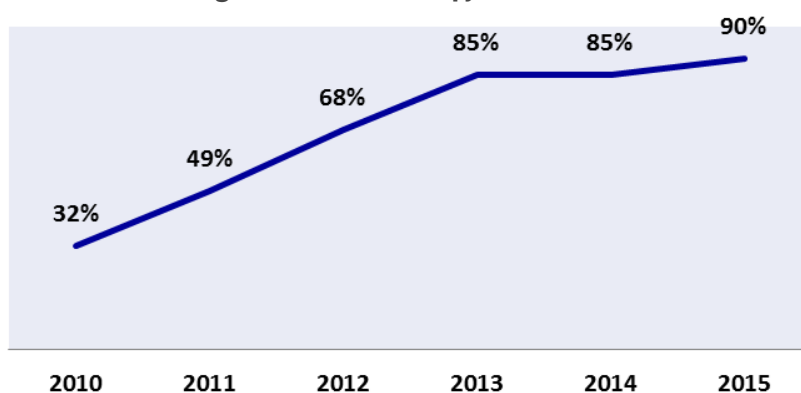


### Treatment Coverage for PMTCT of HIV

For the Caribbean region, the estimated percentage of HIV positive pregnant women who received antiretroviral treatment for prevention of mother-to-child transmission (MTCT) of HIV steadily increased over a six-year period, from 32% in 2010 to 90% in 2015.

Cuba, Haiti, Jamaica and Suriname reported estimated treatment coverage levels of 95% among HIV positive pregnant women for MTCT of HIV, while The Bahamas recorded the lowest treatment coverage level of 50%, for 2015.

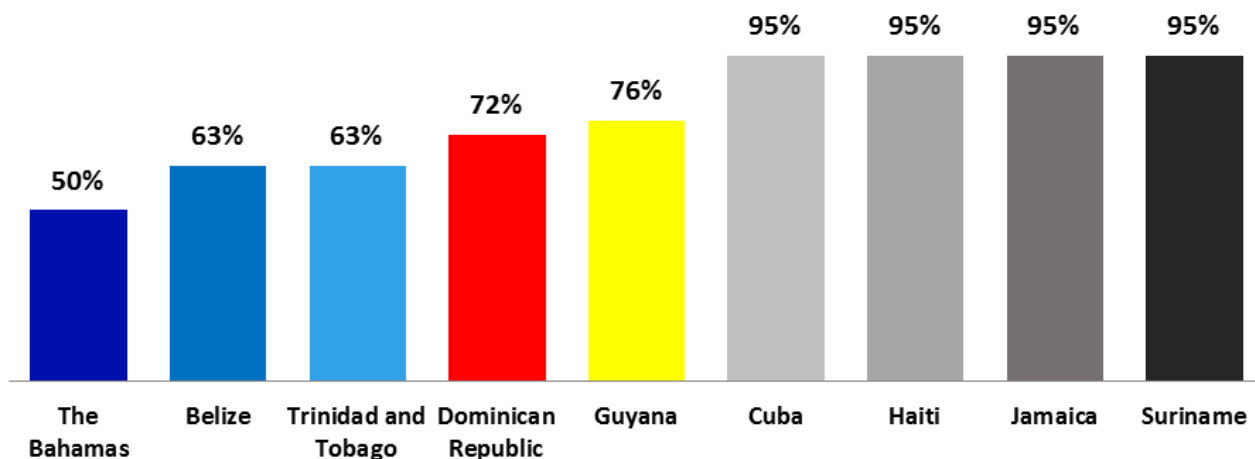
### Estimated Percentage of HIV Positive Pregnant Women Receiving Antiretroviral Therapy for PMTCT, 2015



Source: PAHO - Elimination of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV and Syphilis in the Americas 2016

In 2015, Cuba has been certified as the first country in the world to achieve the elimination of mother to child transmission.

### Estimated Percentage of Pregnant Women Living with HIV who Received Antiretroviral Medication for Prevention of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV, 2015

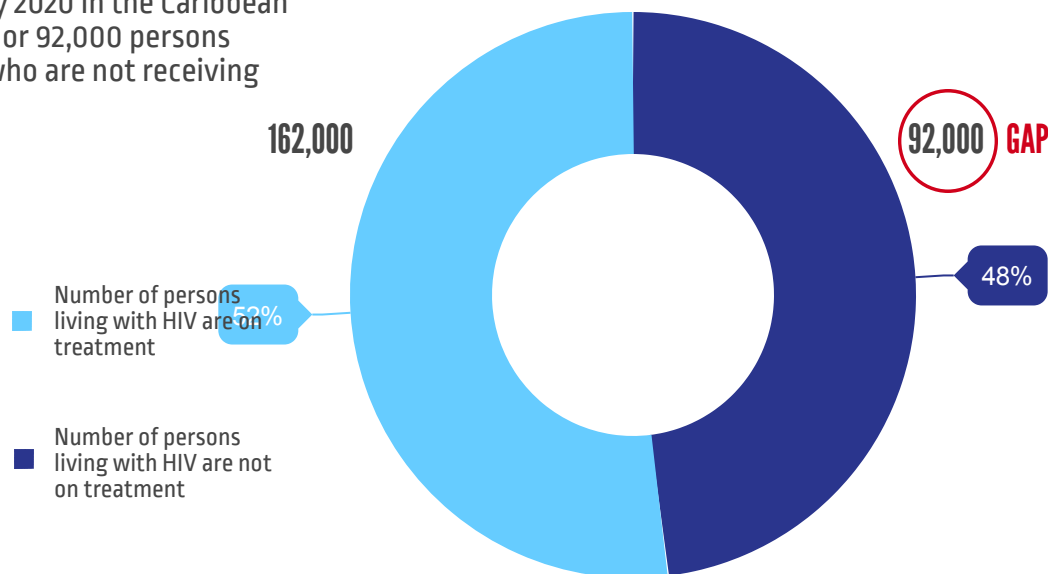


Source: PAHO - Elimination of Mother-to-Child Transmission of HIV and Syphilis in the Americas 2016

## The Gap

At the end of 2016, the gap to achieving the Second 90 by 2020 in the Caribbean region was 48% or 92,000 persons living with HIV who are not receiving treatment.

### The Gap to Reaching the Second 90 in the Caribbean



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